



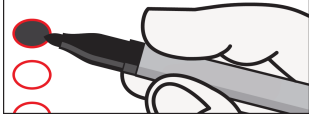
Official General Election Ballot
Dolores County, Colorado
Tuesday, November 3, 2020

[Signature]
 Clerk and Recorder

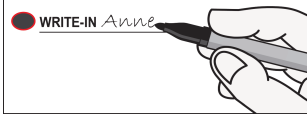
Ballot Style: PRE001
 Precinct: 3065817001 - 1
 Ballot Type: 1

! Please vote your mail ballot. Due to COVID-19, help us make this a safe election for everyone by returning this ballot via mail or drop box.

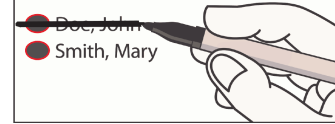
Instructions



To vote for a named candidate, completely fill in the oval to the left of your choice. Use blue or black ink.



To vote for an eligible write-in candidate, completely fill in the oval to the left of the write-in line, and print the name of the candidate on the line.



To make a correction, draw a bold line through the oval and candidate name marked by mistake. Then, completely fill in the oval next to the correct name.

WARNING: Any person who, by use of force or other means, unduly influences an eligible elector to vote in any particular manner or to refrain from voting, or who falsely makes, alters, forges or counterfeits any mail ballot before or after it has been cast, or who destroys, defaces, mutilates, or tampers with a ballot is subject, upon conviction, to imprisonment, or to a fine, or both. Section 1-7.5-107(3)(b), C.R.S.

Federal Offices	State Offices
Presidential Electors (Vote for One Pair)	State Board of Education Member - Congressional District 3 (Vote for One)
<input type="radio"/> Joseph R. Biden / Kamala D. Harris Democratic <input type="radio"/> Donald J. Trump / Michael R. Pence Republican <input type="radio"/> Don Blankenship / William Mohr American Constitution <input type="radio"/> Bill Hammons / Eric Bodenstab Unity <input type="radio"/> Howie Hawkins / Angela Nicole Walker Green <input type="radio"/> Blake Huber / Frank Atwood Approval Voting <input type="radio"/> Jo Jorgensen / Jeremy "Spike" Cohen Libertarian <input type="radio"/> Brian Carroll / Amar Patel American Solidarity <input type="radio"/> Mark Charles / Adrian Wallace Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Phil Collins / Billy Joe Parker Prohibition <input type="radio"/> Roque "Rocky" De La Fuente / Darcy G. Richardson Alliance <input type="radio"/> Dario Hunter / Dawn Neptune Adams Progressive <input type="radio"/> Princess Khadijah Maryam Jacob-Fambro / Khadijah Maryam Jacob Sr. Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Alyson Kennedy / Malcolm Jarrett Socialist Workers <input type="radio"/> Joseph Kishore / Norissa Santa Cruz Socialist Equality <input type="radio"/> Kyle Kenley Kopitke / Nathan Re Vo Sorenson Independent American <input type="radio"/> Gloria La Riva / Sunil Freeman Socialism and Liberation <input type="radio"/> Joe McHugh / Elizabeth Storm Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Brock Pierce / Karla Ballard Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Jordan "Cancer" Scott / Jennifer Tepoch Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Kanye West / Michelle Tidball Unaffiliated <input type="radio"/> Write-In	<input type="radio"/> Mayling Simpson Democratic <input type="radio"/> Joyce Rankin Republican
	State Representative - District 58 (Vote for One)
	<input type="radio"/> Seth Cagin Democratic <input type="radio"/> Marc Catlin Republican
	District Attorney - 22nd Judicial District (Vote for One)
	<input type="radio"/> Matthew Gregory Margeson Republican
	County Offices
	County Commissioner District 2 (Vote for One)
	<input type="radio"/> Steve Garchar Republican
	County Commissioner District 3 (Vote for One)
	<input type="radio"/> Floyd L. Cook Republican <input type="radio"/> Kendra Cook Unaffiliated
	Judicial Retention Questions (Vote YES or NO)
	Colorado Supreme Court Justice
	Shall Justice Melissa Hart of the Colorado Supreme Court be retained in office? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
	Shall Justice Carlos A. Samour Jr. of the Colorado Supreme Court be retained in office? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
United States Senator (Vote for One)	Colorado Court of Appeals Judge
<input type="radio"/> John W. Hickenlooper Democratic <input type="radio"/> Cory Gardner Republican <input type="radio"/> Daniel Doyle Approval Voting <input type="radio"/> Stephan "Seku" Evans Unity <input type="radio"/> Raymon Anthony Doane Libertarian (Signed declaration to limit service to no more than 2 terms) <input type="radio"/> Write-In	Shall Judge Ted C. Tow III of the Colorado Court of Appeals be retained in office? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
Representative to the 117th United States Congress - District 3 (Vote for One)	Shall Judge Craig R. Welling of the Colorado Court of Appeals be retained in office? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<input type="radio"/> Lauren Boebert Republican <input type="radio"/> Diane E. Mitsch Bush Democratic <input type="radio"/> John Ryan Keil Libertarian <input type="radio"/> Critter Milton Unity (Signed declaration to limit service to no more than 3 terms)	

Continue voting next side

Ballot Measures	State Ballot Measures	State Ballot Measures
<p>Ballot questions referred by the general assembly or any political subdivision are listed by letter, and ballot questions initiated by the people are listed numerically. A ballot question listed as an "amendment" proposes a change to the Colorado constitution, and a ballot question listed as a "proposition" proposes a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes. A "yes/for" vote on any ballot question is a vote in favor of changing current law or existing circumstances, and a "no/against" vote on any ballot question is a vote against changing current law or existing circumstances.</p>	<p>Proposition 113 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall the following Act of the General Assembly be approved: An Act concerning adoption of an agreement among the states to elect the President of the United States by national popular vote, being Senate Bill No. 19-042?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 118 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning the creation of a paid family and medical leave program in Colorado, and, in connection therewith, authorizing paid family and medical leave for a covered employee who has a serious health condition, is caring for a new child or for a family member with a serious health condition, or has a need for leave related to a family member's military deployment or for safe leave; establishing a maximum of 12 weeks of family and medical leave, with an additional 4 weeks for pregnancy or childbirth complications, with a cap on the weekly benefit amount; requiring job protection for and prohibiting retaliation against an employee who takes paid family and medical leave; allowing a local government to opt out of the program; permitting employees of such a local government and self-employed individuals to participate in the program; exempting employers who offer an approved private paid family and medical leave plan; to pay for the program, requiring a premium of 0.9% of each employee's wages, up to a cap, through December 31, 2024, and as set thereafter, up to 1.2% of each employee's wages, by the director of the division of family and medical leave insurance; authorizing an employer to deduct up to 50% of the premium amount from an employee's wages and requiring the employer to pay the remainder of the premium, with an exemption for employers with fewer than 10 employees; creating the division of family and medical leave insurance as an enterprise within the department of labor and employment to administer the program; and establishing an enforcement and appeals process for retaliation and denied claims?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>
<p>State Ballot Measures</p> <p>Amendment B (CONSTITUTIONAL)</p> <p>Without increasing property tax rates, to help preserve funding for local districts that provide fire protection, police, ambulance, hospital, kindergarten through twelfth grade education, and other services, and to avoid automatic mill levy increases, shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution to repeal the requirement that the general assembly periodically change the residential assessment rate in order to maintain the statewide proportion of residential property as compared to all other taxable property valued for property tax purposes and repeal the nonresidential property tax assessment rate of twenty-nine percent?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 114 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning the restoration of gray wolves through their reintroduction on designated lands in Colorado located west of the continental divide, and, in connection therewith, requiring the Colorado parks and wildlife commission, after holding statewide hearings and using scientific data, to implement a plan to restore and manage gray wolves; prohibiting the commission from imposing any land, water, or resource use restrictions on private landowners to further the plan; and requiring the commission to fairly compensate owners for losses of livestock caused by gray wolves?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 115 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning prohibiting an abortion when the probable gestational age of the fetus is at least twenty-two weeks, and, in connection therewith, making it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine to perform or attempt to perform a prohibited abortion, except when the abortion is immediately required to save the life of the pregnant woman when her life is physically threatened, but not solely by a psychological or emotional condition; defining terms related to the measure including "probable gestational age" and "abortion," and excepting from the definition of "abortion" medical procedures relating to miscarriage or ectopic pregnancy; specifying that a woman on whom an abortion is performed may not be charged with a crime in relation to a prohibited abortion; and requiring the Colorado medical board to suspend for at least three years the license of a licensee whom the board finds performed or attempted to perform a prohibited abortion?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>
<p>Amendment C (CONSTITUTIONAL)</p> <p>Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution concerning the conduct of charitable gaming activities, and, in connection therewith, allowing bingo-raffle licensees to hire managers and operators of games and reducing the required period of a charitable organization's continuous existence before obtaining a charitable gaming license?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 116 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes reducing the state income tax rate from 4.63% to 4.55%?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 117 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes requiring statewide voter approval at the next even-year election of any newly created or qualified state enterprise that is exempt from the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, if the projected or actual combined revenue from fees and surcharges of the enterprise, and all other enterprises created within the last five years that serve primarily the same purpose, is greater than \$100 million within the first five fiscal years of the creation or qualification of the new enterprise?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>
<p>Amendment 76 (CONSTITUTIONAL)</p> <p>Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution requiring that to be qualified to vote at any election an individual must be a United States citizen?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 117 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes requiring statewide voter approval at the next even-year election of any newly created or qualified state enterprise that is exempt from the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, if the projected or actual combined revenue from fees and surcharges of the enterprise, and all other enterprises created within the last five years that serve primarily the same purpose, is greater than \$100 million within the first five fiscal years of the creation or qualification of the new enterprise?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 118 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning the creation of a paid family and medical leave program in Colorado, and, in connection therewith, authorizing paid family and medical leave for a covered employee who has a serious health condition, is caring for a new child or for a family member with a serious health condition, or has a need for leave related to a family member's military deployment or for safe leave; establishing a maximum of 12 weeks of family and medical leave, with an additional 4 weeks for pregnancy or childbirth complications, with a cap on the weekly benefit amount; requiring job protection for and prohibiting retaliation against an employee who takes paid family and medical leave; allowing a local government to opt out of the program; permitting employees of such a local government and self-employed individuals to participate in the program; exempting employers who offer an approved private paid family and medical leave plan; to pay for the program, requiring a premium of 0.9% of each employee's wages, up to a cap, through December 31, 2024, and as set thereafter, up to 1.2% of each employee's wages, by the director of the division of family and medical leave insurance; authorizing an employer to deduct up to 50% of the premium amount from an employee's wages and requiring the employer to pay the remainder of the premium, with an exemption for employers with fewer than 10 employees; creating the division of family and medical leave insurance as an enterprise within the department of labor and employment to administer the program; and establishing an enforcement and appeals process for retaliation and denied claims?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>
<p>Amendment 77 (CONSTITUTIONAL)</p> <p>Shall there be an amendment to the Colorado constitution and a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning voter-approved changes to limited gaming, and, in connection therewith, allowing the voters of Central City, Black Hawk, and Cripple Creek, for their individual cities, to approve other games in addition to those currently allowed and increase a maximum single bet to any amount; and allowing gaming tax revenue to be used for support services to improve student retention and credential completion by students enrolled in community colleges?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 117 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes requiring statewide voter approval at the next even-year election of any newly created or qualified state enterprise that is exempt from the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, if the projected or actual combined revenue from fees and surcharges of the enterprise, and all other enterprises created within the last five years that serve primarily the same purpose, is greater than \$100 million within the first five fiscal years of the creation or qualification of the new enterprise?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 118 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning the creation of a paid family and medical leave program in Colorado, and, in connection therewith, authorizing paid family and medical leave for a covered employee who has a serious health condition, is caring for a new child or for a family member with a serious health condition, or has a need for leave related to a family member's military deployment or for safe leave; establishing a maximum of 12 weeks of family and medical leave, with an additional 4 weeks for pregnancy or childbirth complications, with a cap on the weekly benefit amount; requiring job protection for and prohibiting retaliation against an employee who takes paid family and medical leave; allowing a local government to opt out of the program; permitting employees of such a local government and self-employed individuals to participate in the program; exempting employers who offer an approved private paid family and medical leave plan; to pay for the program, requiring a premium of 0.9% of each employee's wages, up to a cap, through December 31, 2024, and as set thereafter, up to 1.2% of each employee's wages, by the director of the division of family and medical leave insurance; authorizing an employer to deduct up to 50% of the premium amount from an employee's wages and requiring the employer to pay the remainder of the premium, with an exemption for employers with fewer than 10 employees; creating the division of family and medical leave insurance as an enterprise within the department of labor and employment to administer the program; and establishing an enforcement and appeals process for retaliation and denied claims?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>
<p>Proposition EE (STATUTORY)</p> <p>SHALL STATE TAXES BE INCREASED BY \$294,000,000 ANNUALLY BY IMPOSING A TAX ON NICOTINE LIQUIDS USED IN E-CIGARETTES AND OTHER VAPING PRODUCTS THAT IS EQUAL TO THE TOTAL STATE TAX ON TOBACCO PRODUCTS WHEN FULLY PHASED IN, INCREMENTALLY INCREASING THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX BY UP TO 22% OF THE MANUFACTURER'S LIST PRICE, INCREMENTALLY INCREASING THE CIGARETTE TAX BY UP TO 9 CENTS PER CIGARETTE, EXPANDING THE EXISTING CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO TAXES TO APPLY TO SALES TO CONSUMERS FROM OUTSIDE OF THE STATE, ESTABLISHING A MINIMUM TAX FOR MOIST SNUFF TOBACCO PRODUCTS, CREATING AN INVENTORY TAX THAT APPLIES FOR FUTURE CIGARETTE TAX INCREASES, AND INITIALLY USING THE TAX REVENUE PRIMARILY FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING TO HELP OFFSET REVENUE THAT HAS BEEN LOST AS A RESULT OF THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS RELATED TO COVID-19 AND THEN FOR PROGRAMS THAT REDUCE THE USE OF TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCTS, ENHANCE THE VOLUNTARY COLORADO PRESCHOOL PROGRAM AND MAKE IT WIDELY AVAILABLE FOR FREE, AND MAINTAIN THE FUNDING FOR PROGRAMS THAT CURRENTLY RECEIVE REVENUE FROM TOBACCO TAXES, WITH THE STATE KEEPING AND SPENDING ALL OF THE NEW TAX REVENUE AS A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 117 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes requiring statewide voter approval at the next even-year election of any newly created or qualified state enterprise that is exempt from the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, if the projected or actual combined revenue from fees and surcharges of the enterprise, and all other enterprises created within the last five years that serve primarily the same purpose, is greater than \$100 million within the first five fiscal years of the creation or qualification of the new enterprise?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>	<p>Proposition 118 (STATUTORY)</p> <p>Shall there be a change to the Colorado Revised Statutes concerning the creation of a paid family and medical leave program in Colorado, and, in connection therewith, authorizing paid family and medical leave for a covered employee who has a serious health condition, is caring for a new child or for a family member with a serious health condition, or has a need for leave related to a family member's military deployment or for safe leave; establishing a maximum of 12 weeks of family and medical leave, with an additional 4 weeks for pregnancy or childbirth complications, with a cap on the weekly benefit amount; requiring job protection for and prohibiting retaliation against an employee who takes paid family and medical leave; allowing a local government to opt out of the program; permitting employees of such a local government and self-employed individuals to participate in the program; exempting employers who offer an approved private paid family and medical leave plan; to pay for the program, requiring a premium of 0.9% of each employee's wages, up to a cap, through December 31, 2024, and as set thereafter, up to 1.2% of each employee's wages, by the director of the division of family and medical leave insurance; authorizing an employer to deduct up to 50% of the premium amount from an employee's wages and requiring the employer to pay the remainder of the premium, with an exemption for employers with fewer than 10 employees; creating the division of family and medical leave insurance as an enterprise within the department of labor and employment to administer the program; and establishing an enforcement and appeals process for retaliation and denied claims?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> YES/FOR <input type="radio"/> NO/AGAINST</p>

Continue voting next side

